



A.H.M.'s

ANJUMAN ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERCE COLLEGE, BHATKAL

(AFFILIATED TO THE KARNATAKA UNIVERSITY, DHARWAD)

Accredited "B" Grade by NAAC

Project Work

Indian Economic Development and Policy (Indian Economy-II)

B.COM. IV SEMESTER

2022-23



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ANJUMAN ARTS, SCIENCE AND COMMERCE COLLEGE, BHATKAL

Department of Economics

Class: B.Com. IV Sem

Subject: Indian Economic Development and Policy

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29	U02JK21C0034	Abdul Ali
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31	U02JK21C0036	Jazeeb Ahmed Malpa
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**ANJUMAN ARTS, SCIENCE, COMMERCE COLLEGE
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ECONOMICS PROJECT WORK

2022-2023

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APMC's

Introduction :-

Agricultural produce market (APMC) is the marketing board established by the state government in order to eliminate the exploitation of the farmers by the intermediaries, where they are forced to sell their product at extremely low prices.

All the food produce must be brought to the market & sales are made through auction. The market place i.e., Mandi is set up in various places within the state. These markets geographically divide the state. Licenses are issued to the traders to operate within a market. The small owner, wholesale traders, retail traders are not given permission to purchase the product from the farmers directly.



Model APMC Act of 2003:-

The government of India designed a model Agricultural product Market committee (APMC) Act in 2003 as a first attempt to bring reformatory in the agricultural markets.

*Provisions under the act were:-

- 1) New market channels other than APMC market.
- 2) Private Wholesale Markets.
- 3) Direct Purchase.
- 4) A contract for buyers & farmers.

Conclusion :-

Through Agricultural Product Market Committee establishment of market yards, sub market yards & sub developing & maintaining the market yards & sub market yards. Enforcing the regulatory measures in respect of sale & purchase of agricultural product brought by the agricultural to the market yards, providing a platform to ensure competitive prices, correct weightment, payment & creating an exploitation free atmosphere by preventing illegal activities in the marketing of agricultural product. Regulating the activities of warehouses by enforcing the licensing conditions, establishment & maintenance of labour for the purpose of grading of agricultural product in the state.

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Introduction:

Agriculture produce market committee (APMC) is the marketing board established by the state governments in order to eliminate the exploitation incidences of the farmers by the intermediates, where they are forced to sell their produce at extremely low prices.

All the food produced must be brought to the market and sales are made through auction. The market place i.e. Mandi is set up in various places within the state. Licences are issued to the traders to operate within a market. The main owner, wholesaler, traders, retail traders are not given permission to purchase the produce from the farmers directly.



Background:

In India the history of agriculture produce market regulation programmes dates back to colonial, where raw cotton used to was first produced to attract the attention of the british administration. The rulers wanted to make available the supplies of pure cotton to the textiles mills of manchester at reasonable price.

In 1928, The royal commission on agriculture recommended setting up of regulated markets to improve the trade practices and to establish market yards in our country.

In pursuance, the government of India prepared a model bill in 1938 and circulated to all the states but not much headway was made till independence.

Post independence, many states created agriculture produce markets committee (APMC) was constituted to form the rules and enforce them to prevent the exploitation of farmers by the creditors and other intermediates.

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Verified

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE MARKET COMMITTEE.

Introduction 1-

Agriculture produce market committee are marketing board's established by state government in India to protect farmer from exploitation by intermediaries ensuring they receive fair price for their produce. APMC mandis (market) are spread across state geographically dividing region into market area.

What is APMC?

APMC operate under state government regulation as agricultural marketing is a State Subject in India. Key function of APMC includes 1-

- Regulating the sale and purchase of notified agricultural produce and live stock.
- Established market yards (mandis) where transaction occurs.

- protecting farmer's from distress sale's and exploitation by intermediaries.
- Ensuring farmer receive fair prices and timely payment.
- Eliminating unnecessary intermediaries.
- Improving market efficiency and protecting produce seller interest.

E - NAM & APMC :-

The National Agriculture Market (E-NAM) is a digital platform that connect APMC mandies across India, creating a unified national market for agricultural commodities. e-nam offers services such as.

- Information on commodity arrivals and prices.
- Buy and sell trade offer.
- A platform to respond to trade offers.

5) Market Information :-

They provide timely market information such as prices arrivals and market trends, which helps farmer's makes informed decision about when and where to sell their product.

6) Prevention of malpractices :-

Apm's work to prevent malpractices in their market such as hoardings, black marketing and unfair trading practices, protecting both farmer's and consumer.

7) Quality Assurance :-

They ensure the quality and standardization of agricultural produce through grading and standardization mechanisms and help in maintaining market trust and better pricing for quality product.

8) Licensing and Regulating of Trade :-

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Agricultural Produce Market Committee (APMC)

Introduction

Agricultural produce Market Committee (APMC) is the Marketing board established by the state governments in order to eliminate the exploitation tendencies of the farmers by the intermediaries, where they are forced to sell their produce at extremely low prices.



What is APMC?

- * Agricultural produce Market Committee (APMC) is a system operating under the state government since agricultural marketing is a state subject.
- * The APMC has yards/Mandis in the market area that regulates the notified agricultural produce and live stock.
- * APMC ensures worthy prices and timely payments to the farmers for their produce.

* The introduction of APMC way to limit the occurrence of Distress Sale by the farmers under the pressure and exploitation of creditors and other intermediaries

- 1) Needless intermediaries are eliminated
- 2) Improved market efficiency through a decrease in market
- 3) The producer-seller interest is well protected.



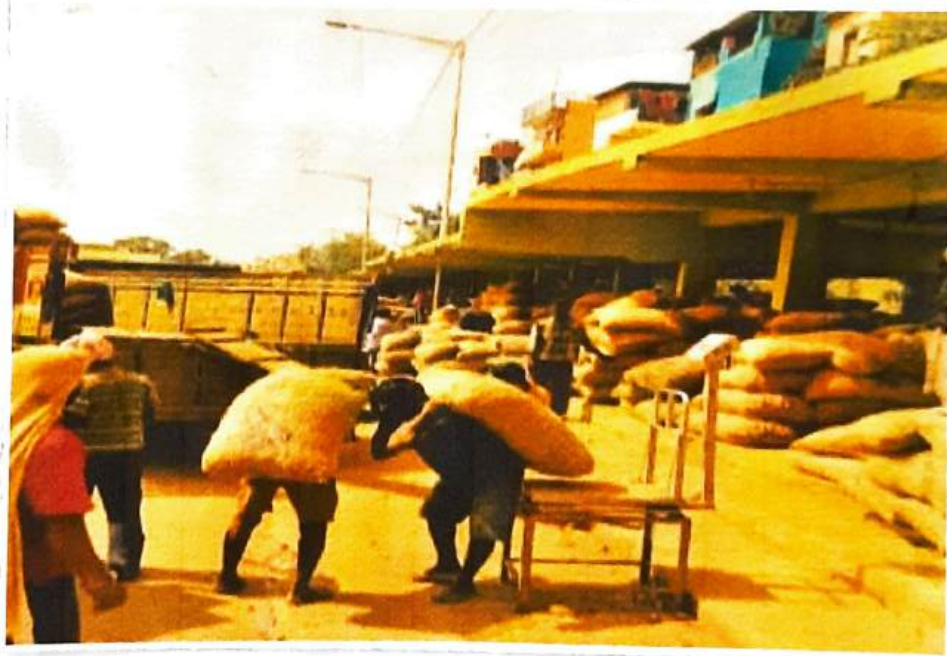
e-NAM & APMC

The National Agriculture Market (NAM) is a pan-India electronic trading portal, which links the existing Agricultural produce Market Committee (APMC) mandis across the country to form a unified national market for agricultural commodities.

The e-NAM portal is a single-window services for any information and services related to APMC that includes

- 1) Commodity arrivals and prices
- 2) Buy and sell trade offers
- 3) provision to respond to trade offers, among other services.

2. Entry Barriers :- License fees in these markets are highly prohibitive. In many markets, farmers are not allowed to operate.
3. Costolization :- It is quite often seen that agent in an APMC got together to form a cartel and deliberately restrain from higher bidding. ~~prod.~~
4. High Commission taxes and levies :- Farmers have to pay commission marketing fee APME cess which pushes up costs.



Conclusion

Through Agricultural produce Market Committee. establishment of market yards, submarket yards. and developing and maintaining the market yards and sub markets yards. Enforcing the regulatory measures in respect of sale and purchase of Agricultural produce brought by the Agriculturist to the market.

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Agricultural produce Market Committee

Introduction

Agricultural produce market committee are marketing boards established by state government in India to protect farmer from exploitation by intermediaries ensuring they receive fair price for their produce. APMC mandis (market) are spread across state. geographically dividing region into market area.

What is APMC?

APMC operate under state government regulation as agriculture marketing is a state subject in India as key function of APMC includes.

- Regulating the sale and ~~produce~~ purchase of notified agricultural produce and live stock.
- Established market yards (mandis) where transaction occur.
- Protecting farmers from distress sales and exploitation by intermediaries.
- Ensuring farmers receive fair price and timely payment.
- Eliminating unnecessary intermediaries.

Role of APMCs

APMC play a crucial role in India's agricultural marketing system.

• Market Regulation :-

They provide structured market place, ensuring fair and transparent transaction.

Description of An APMC Market VISIT

1) MARKET YARD



4) WAITING STATION



2) ACTION PLATFORM



5) ADMINISTRATION OFFICE



6) TRADER AND AGENT



3) Storage facilities -



ROLES of (APMC) Agricultural produce Market Committee as follows

Regulation of trade

APMC regulates the buying and selling of Agricultural produce to ensure fair trade practices they set rules and guidelines for market operation for prevent exploitation.

Market Infrastructure

They develop and maintain infrastructure such as market yard, warehouses and cold storage facilities providing farmers with place to store and sell their produce.

Price Discovery

APMC helps in the discovery of fair price through open auction system. This transparent process aims to ensure that farmers get competitive price for their product.

Reducing market Intermediaries

By reducing the number of intermediaries between farmer and consumer, APMC aims to ensure that farmers get better price for their product and consumers pay a fair price.

Market Information

They provide timely market information such as price arrivals and market trends, which helps farmers make informed decisions about when and where to sell their product.

Prevention of malpractices

APMC works to prevent malpractices in their market such as hoarding, black marketing and unfair trading practices by farmers and consumers.

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Introduction

Agricultural produce market committee [APMC] is the marketing board established by the state governments in order to eliminate the exploitation incidences of the farmers by the intermediaries, where they are forced to sell their produce of extremely low prices.

All the food produce must be bought to the market and sales are made through auction. The market place i.e., mandi is setup in various places within the states. These markets geographically divide the state. Licenses are issued to the traders to operate within a market. The small owner, wholesale traders, retail traders, are not given permission to purchase the produce from the farmers directly.



What is APMC ?

- * Agricultural produce market committee (Apmc) is a system operating under the state government since. agricultural marketing is a state subject.
- * The APMC has yards/mandis in the market area that regulated the notified agricultural produce and livestock.
- * The introduction of APMC was to limit the occurrence of distress sale by the farmers under the pressure and exploitation of creditors and other intermediaries.
- * APMC ensures worthy prices and timely payments to the farmers for their produce.
- * APMC is also responsible for the regulation of agricultural trading practices.
- * Needless intermediaries are eliminated.



Model APMC Act of 2003 :

The Government of India designed a model agricultural produce market committee (APMC) Act in 2003 as a first attempt to bring reformation in the agriculture as members.

provisions under this act were :

- * New market channels other than the APMC markets.
- * private wholesale markets.
- * Direct purchase.
- * A contract for buyers and farmers.

Conclusion :

Through Agricultural produce market Committees, establishment of market yards, sub market yards, and developing and maintaining the market yards, and sub market yards. Enforcing the regulatory measures in respect of sale and purchase of agricultural produce brought by the agricultural to the market yards, providing a platform to ensure competitive prices correct weighing, payment and creating an expansion free atmosphere by preventing illegal activities in the marketing of agricultural produce. Regulating the activities of warehouse by enforcing the licensing conditions, establishment and maintenance of laboratories for the purpose of grading of agricultural produce in the state.

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Agricultural Product Market Committee

Introduction

Agricultural produce market

Committee are marketing boards established by state government in India to protect farmer from exploitation by intermediaries ensuring they receive fair price for their produce. APMC mandis (market) are spread across state.

geographically dividing region into market area

what is APMC?

APMC operate under state government regulation as agriculture marketing is a state subject in India. A key function of APMC includes

- Regulating the sale and purchase of notified agricultural produce and live stock
- Established market yards (mandis) where transaction occur.
- Protecting farmers from distress sales and exploitation by intermediaries.

Roles of (APMC) Agricultural Produce Market Committee as follows regulation of trade

APMC regulates the buying and selling of agricultural produce to ensure fair trade practices they set rules and conditions for market operation for prevent exploitation.

Market Infrastructure

They develop and maintain infrastructure

such as market yard, weigh house and cold storage facilities providing farmers with place to store and sell their produce.

Market Information

They provide timely market information such as price overview and market trends which helps farmer make informed decision about when and where to sell their product.

Prevention of malpractices

APMC work to prevent malpractices in this market such as hoarding, black marketing and unfair trading protect both farmer and consumer.

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ECONOMICS PROJECT WORK

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Agriculture Produce Market Committee [APMC]

Introduction

Agricultural Produce Market Committee [APMC] is the marketing board established by the state governments in order to eliminate the exploitation incidences of the farmers by the intermediaries, where they are forced to sell their produce at extremely low prices.

All the food produce must be brought to the market and sales are made through auction. The market place i.e., Mandi is set up in various places within the states. These market place i.e. Mandi is set up in various places within the states. These Markets geographically divide the state. Licenses are issued to the traders to operate within a market. The mall owners, wholesale traders, retail traders are not given permission to purchase the produce from the farmers directly.



What is APMC?

Agricultural produce Market Committee (APMC) is a system operating under the state Government since agricultural Marketing is a state subject.

The APMC has Yards/Mandis in the Market area that regulates the notified agricultural produce and livestock.

The introduction of APMC was to limit the occurrence of Distress Sale by the farmers under the pressure and exploitation of creditors and other intermediaries.

- APMC ensures worthy prices and timely payments to the farmers for their produce.
- APMC is also responsible for the regulation of agricultural trading practices. This results in Multiple benefits like:
 - a. Needless intermediaries are eliminated.
 - b. Improved market efficiency through a decrease in market charges.
 - c. The producer-seller interest is well protected.



Conclusion

Through Agricultural Produce Market Committees, establishment of Market Yards, submarket yards and developing and maintaining the market yards and submarket yards. Enforcing the regulatory measures in respect of sale and purchase of Agricultural produce brought by the Agriculturist to the market yards, providing a platform to ensure competitive prices, correct weighment, payment and creating an exploitation free atmosphere by preventing illegal activities in the marketing of agricultural produce. Regulating the activities of warehouses by enforcing the licensing conditions, establishment and maintenance of laboratories for the purpose of grading of agricultural produce in the state

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Agricultural Produce Market Committee (APMC).

Introduction:

Agricultural Produce Market Committee (APMC) is the marketing board established by the state government in order to eliminate the exploitation incidences of the farmers by the intermediaries, where they are forced to sell their produce at extremely low prices.

All the food produce must be brought to the market and sales are made through auction. The marketplace, i.e., Mandi is setup in various places within the states. These market geographically divide the state. License are issued to the traders to operate within a market. The small owners, wholesale traders, retail traders are not given permission to purchase the produce from the farmers directly.



What is APMC?

Agricultural Produce Market Committee (APMC) is a system operating under the state government since agricultural marketing is a State Subject.

The APMC has Yards/Mandis in the market area that regulates the notified agricultural produce and livestock.

3. Cartelization:- It is quite often seen that agents in an APMC get together to form a cartel and deliberately distort the market from higher bidding. Produce is produced at a manipulated discovered price and sold at a higher price. Spoils are then shared by participants, leaving farmers in the lurch.

4. High commission, taxes and levies:- Farmers have to pay commission (marketing fee), APMC cess which pushes up cost, Agent's commission, many state imposed value added tax.

5. Conflict of Interest:- APMC plays the dual role of Regulator & market. Consequently its role as regulator is undermined by vested interest in the lucrative trade. They despite inefficiency won't let go of any control. Generally, members and chairman are nominated/elected out of the agents operating in that market.

Conclusion:- Through Agricultural Produce Market Committee, establishment of market yards, submarket yards are developing and maintaining the market yards and sub market yards. Enforcing the regulatory measures in respect of sale and purchase of Agricultural produce brought by the Agriculturist to the market yards, providing a platform to ensure competitive prices, correct weightment payment and creating an exploitation free atmosphere by preventing illegal activities in the marketing of agricultural produce.